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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/027,681	12/21/2001	T. Daniel Gross	16497.43	2036
57360 WORKMAN N	7590 02/17/201 IYDEGGER	0	EXAMINER	
	GATE TOWER,	YABUT, DIANE D		
60 EAST SOUT SALT LAKE C	TTY, UT 84111		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3734	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/17/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/027,681	GROSS ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		DIANE YABUT	3734				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)☑	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 No</u>	ovember 2000					
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′=	<i>⁄</i> —						
-	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	closed in accordance with the practice under L	x parte quayre, 1900 O.D. 11,	+00 O. <b>O</b> . 210.				
Disposition	on of Claims						
4)🛛	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3-7 and 28-35</u> is/are pending in the application.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>3-7 and 28-35</u> is/are rejected.						
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
-	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
	on Papers	·					
· · ·	•						
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
-	Γhe drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the c						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

This action is in response to applicant's amendment received on 11/30/2009.

The examiner acknowledges the amendments made to the claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. <u>Claims 3-7 and 28</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Asnis** (U.S. Patent No. **5,059,201**) in view of **Makower et al.** (U.S. Patent No. **6,090,063**).

Asnis discloses a shaft 24 having a proximal end and a distal end and an axis therebetween, the shaft having a groove (lumen) formed in a side thereof, the groove extending from the distal end toward the proximal end and being in communication with an opening formed in the side (proximal tip) of the shaft, the opening disposed proximal the distal end of the shaft, a cutting member 102 (cutting surfaces 106 or 108 which face proximally, Figures 3-4) slidably disposed within the shaft and having a lumen defined therein, a suture retainer 202 slidably disposed within the shaft and within the cutting member, the suture retainer having a suture protector 206 in an exterior surface of the suture retainer, the suture protector extending from a retainer distal end toward a retainer proximal end, and a handle (any of portions 308, 350, or 352) disposed

adjacent the proximal end of the shaft including independently operable first **208** and second **304** levers each slidably received within the handle, the first lever operatively coupled to the suture retainer to move the suture retainer within the shaft and within the cutting member and the second lever operatively coupled to the cutting member to move the cutting member within the shaft and around the suture retainer to cut the suture and being transverse to the handle, and extending through the handle (see Figures 1, 3-4, 6, and 10-12). A biasing member **338** is in communication with the second lever, and therefore the cutting member (Figure 8).

Asnis does not expressly disclose the shaft opening including a proximal edge, the cutting member disposed within the shaft having an opening on its side in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member, the opening of the cutting member having a distal edge, wherein the distal edge of the cutting member is moved into proximity with the proximal edge of the shaft opening to cut the suture.

Makower et al. teach an outer shaft 213 having a lumen and an opening including a proximal edge 214, and an inner shaft 212 disposed within the outer shaft having an opening on its side in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member, the opening of the cutting member having a distal edge 215, wherein the distal edge of the cutting member is actuated and moved into proximity with the proximal edge of the shaft opening to cut a suture 211 due to the

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sharpened edges (Figures 27A-27B; col. 16, line 64 to col. 17, line 18). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to provide a proximal edge on the opening of the shaft that moves toward a distal edge of an opening in the cutting member of Asnis, as taught by Makower et al., in order to facilitate removal of the suture after threading through tissue.

3. <u>Claims 29-35</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Asnis** (U.S. Patent No. **5,059,201**) in view of **Makower et al.** (U.S. Patent No. **6,090,063**) and .

Asnis discloses a shaft 24 having a proximal end and a distal end and an axis therebetween, the shaft having a bore (lumen) formed in a side thereof, the groove extending from the distal end toward the proximal end and being in communication with an opening formed in the side (proximal tip) of the shaft, the opening disposed proximal the distal end of the shaft, a cutting member 102 (cutting surfaces 106 or 108 which face proximally, Figures 3-4) slidably disposed within the shaft and having a lumen defined therein, a suture retainer 202 slidably disposed within the shaft and within the cutting member, the suture retainer having a suture protector 204 including a channel 206 defined in the exterior surface, the suture protector extending from a retainer distal end toward a retainer proximal end, and a handle (any of portions 308, 350, or 352) disposed adjacent the proximal end of the shaft including independently operable first 208 and second 304 levers each slidably received within the handle, the first lever operatively coupled to the suture retainer to move the suture retainer within the shaft

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and within the cutting member and the second lever operatively coupled to the cutting member to move the cutting member within the shaft and around the suture retainer to cut the suture and being transverse to the handle, and extending through the handle (see Figures 1, 3-4, 6, and 10-12). A biasing member **338** is in communication with the second lever, and therefore the cutting member (Figure 8).

Asnis does not expressly disclose the shaft opening including a proximal edge, the cutting member disposed within the shaft having an opening on its side in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member, the opening of the cutting member having a distal edge, wherein the distal edge of the cutting member is moved into proximity with the proximal edge of the shaft opening to cut the suture.

Makower et al. teach an outer shaft 213 having a lumen and an opening including a proximal edge 214, and an inner shaft 212 disposed within the outer shaft having an opening on its side in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member in communication with the lumen and disposed proximal the distal end of the cutting member, the opening of the cutting member having a distal edge 215, wherein the distal edge of the cutting member is actuated and moved into proximity with the proximal edge of the shaft opening to cut a suture 211 due to the sharpened edges (Figures 27A-27B; col. 16, line 64 to col. 17, line 18). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to provide a proximal edge on the opening of the shaft that moves toward a distal edge of an

opening in the cutting member of Asnis, as taught by Makower et al., in order to facilitate removal of the suture after threading through tissue.

Asnis also discloses a fitting **26** at the distal end of the shaft **24** the fitting having a fixture fitting end, a fitting proximal end, and a fitting groove **46** extending from the fitting distal end toward the fitting proximal end, the fitting groove and the groove being aligned (Figure 1). However, Asnis does not disclose the fitting being received within the bore of the shaft.

Elkus teaches a suture passer with a fitting **13** fixed within a bore of a shaft **10** (Figures 1-3). It would have been obvious to modify the fitting of Asnis to be received within the bore of the shaft to reduce the profile of the distal end within tissue to clear the surgical site.

## Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 3-7 and 28-35 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

## Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DIANE YABUT whose telephone number is (571)272-6831. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 9AM-4PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Todd Manahan can be reached on (571) 272-4713. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Diane Yabut/ Examiner, Art Unit 3734

/Todd E Manahan/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3734